



# The DHLLDV Software Model

## Development and Use

Robert C. Ramsdell

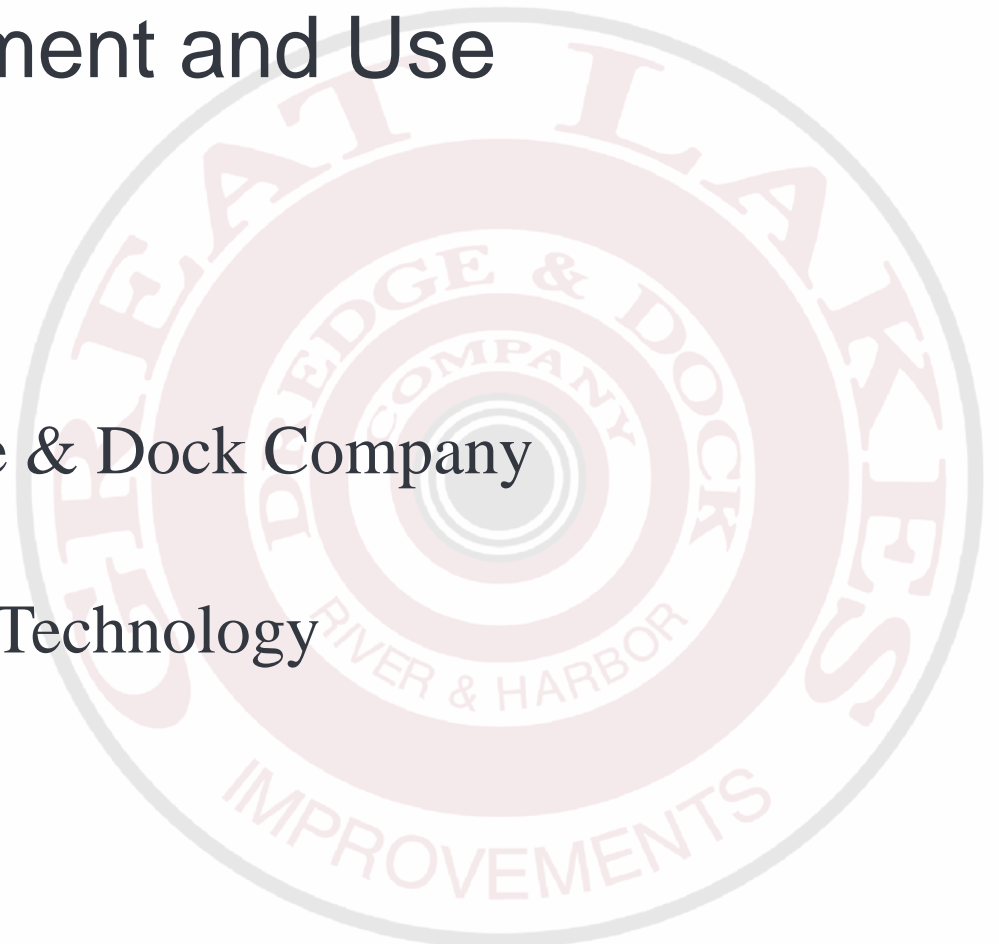


Great Lakes Dredge & Dock Company

Sape A. Miedema



Delft University of Technology



# DID YOU KNOW SAFETY IS NOT ONLY ABOUT TAKING PRECAUTIONS, IT'S ALSO ABOUT TAKING RESPONSIBILITY.

There's a catch phrase that's being heard more and more these days. "See it. Own it." That phrase is particularly applicable to safety. If you see an unsafe situation, or even a potentially unsafe situation, don't just walk away. Take responsibility for getting it corrected.

Whether it's in the office, while you're traveling, or at the work site, wherever you see something that you believe is unsafe, or could lead to an adverse incident, speak up. If it's unsafe to actually do something about it yourself, keep others out of the unsafe zone and contact your supervisor.

Think how you'd feel if you did nothing, then heard later that someone was injured.

<http://www.halliburton.com/en-US/about-us/hse-service-quality/hse-safety-moments.page>

At Halliburton, solving customer challenges is second only to keeping everyone safe and healthy. You can find more safety tips at [www.halliburton.com/HSE](http://www.halliburton.com/HSE).

Safety Moment Subject suggested by: Allen McClure, *Halliburton Employee*

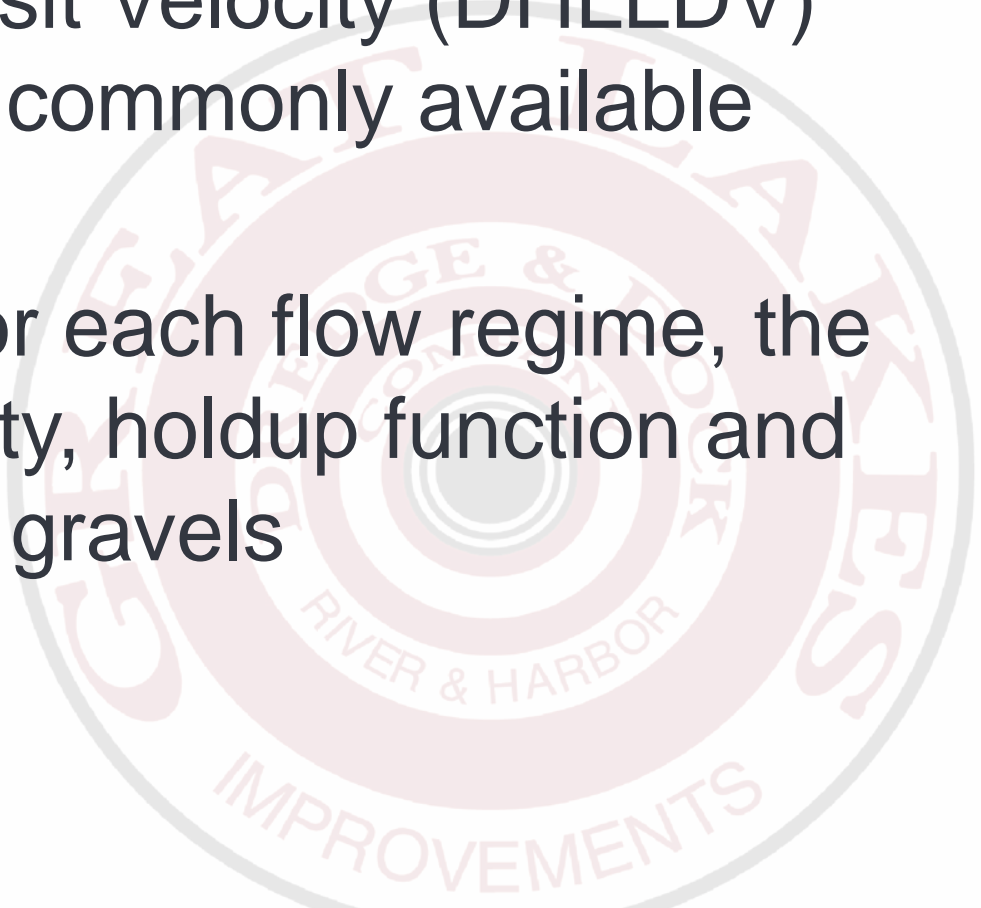


**HALLIBURTON**

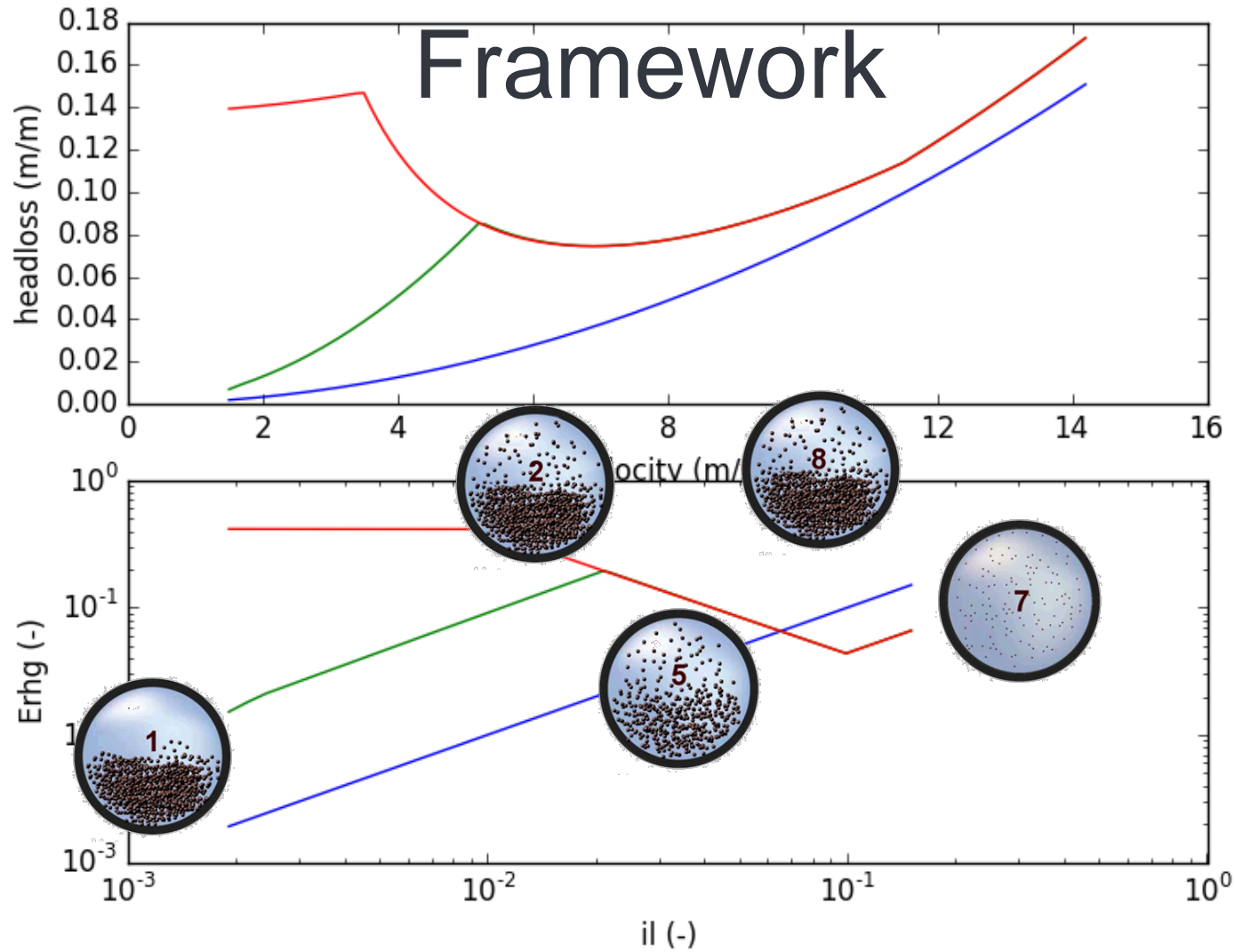


# Introduction

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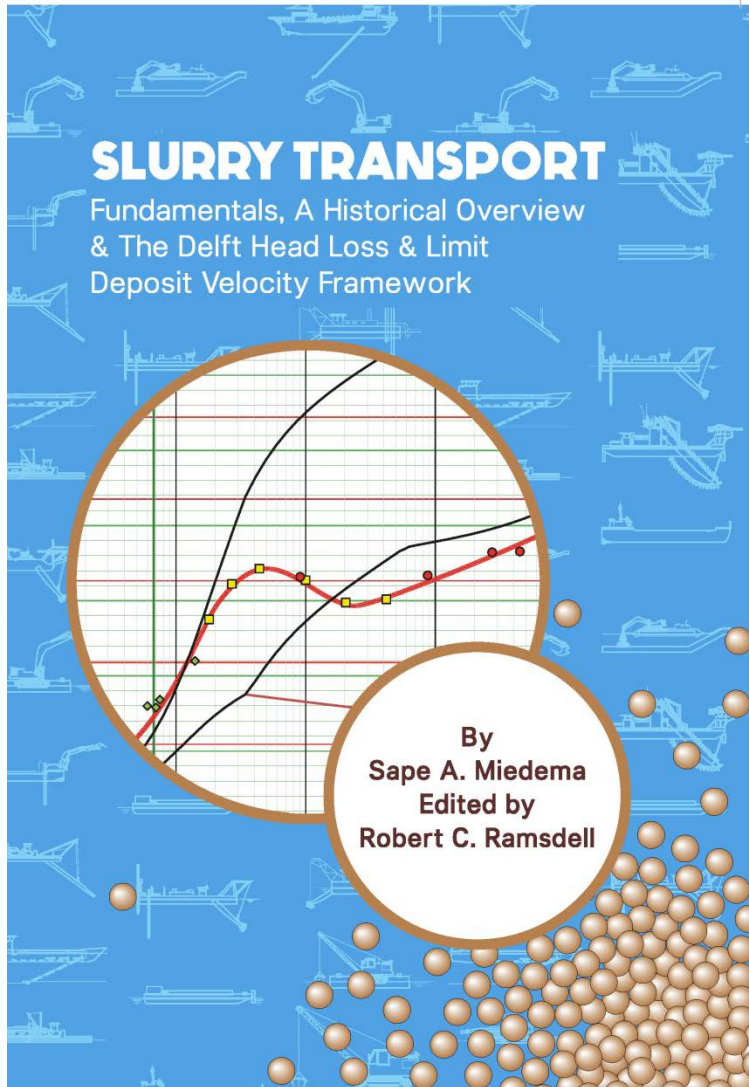
- The authors developed the Delft Head Loss & Limit Deposit Velocity (DHLLDV) Framework, using commonly available parameters
  - Has sub models for each flow regime, the limit deposit velocity, holdup function and graded sands and gravels
- 

# Overview – The DHLLDV



# Slurry Transport Fundamentals

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- The book was completed in time for WODCON and handed out to attendees.
- Chapter 7 presents the theory behind DHLLDV
- Chapter 8 presents how to implement it



# The Framework - Formulae

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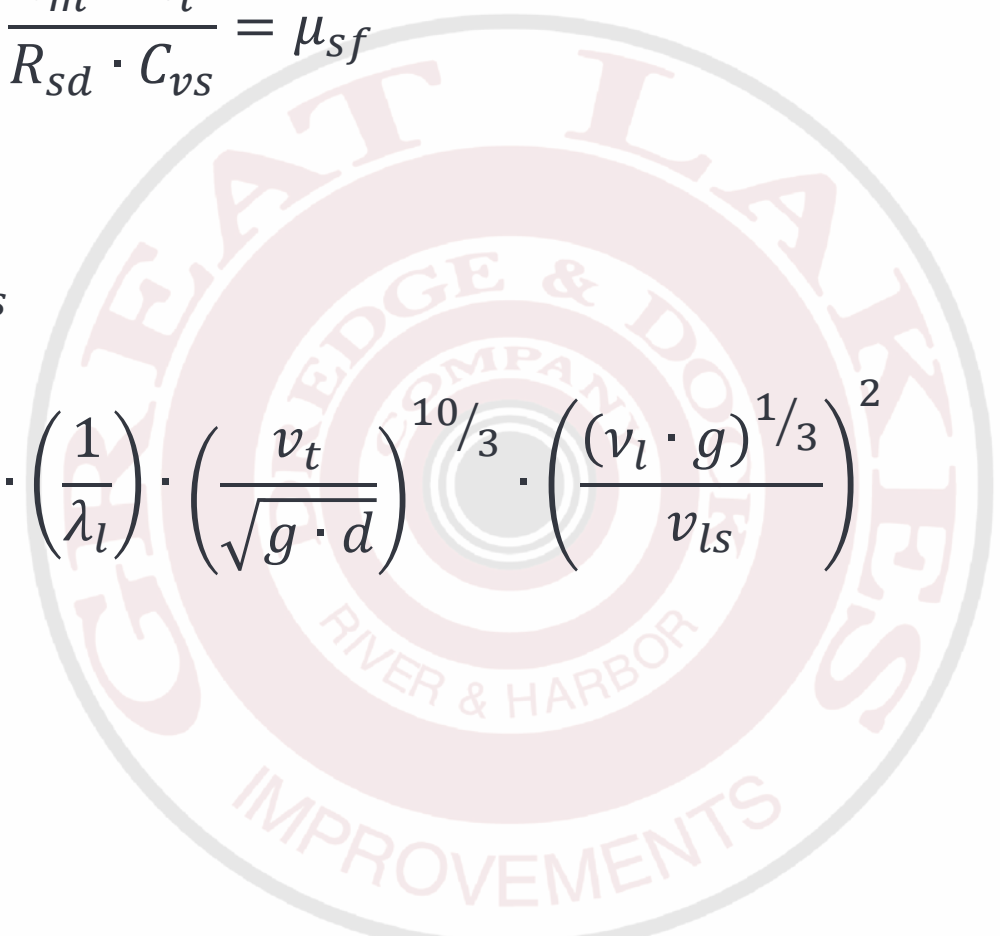
Sliding bed:

$$E_{rhg} = \frac{i_m - i_l}{R_{sd} \cdot C_{vs}} = \mu_{sf}$$

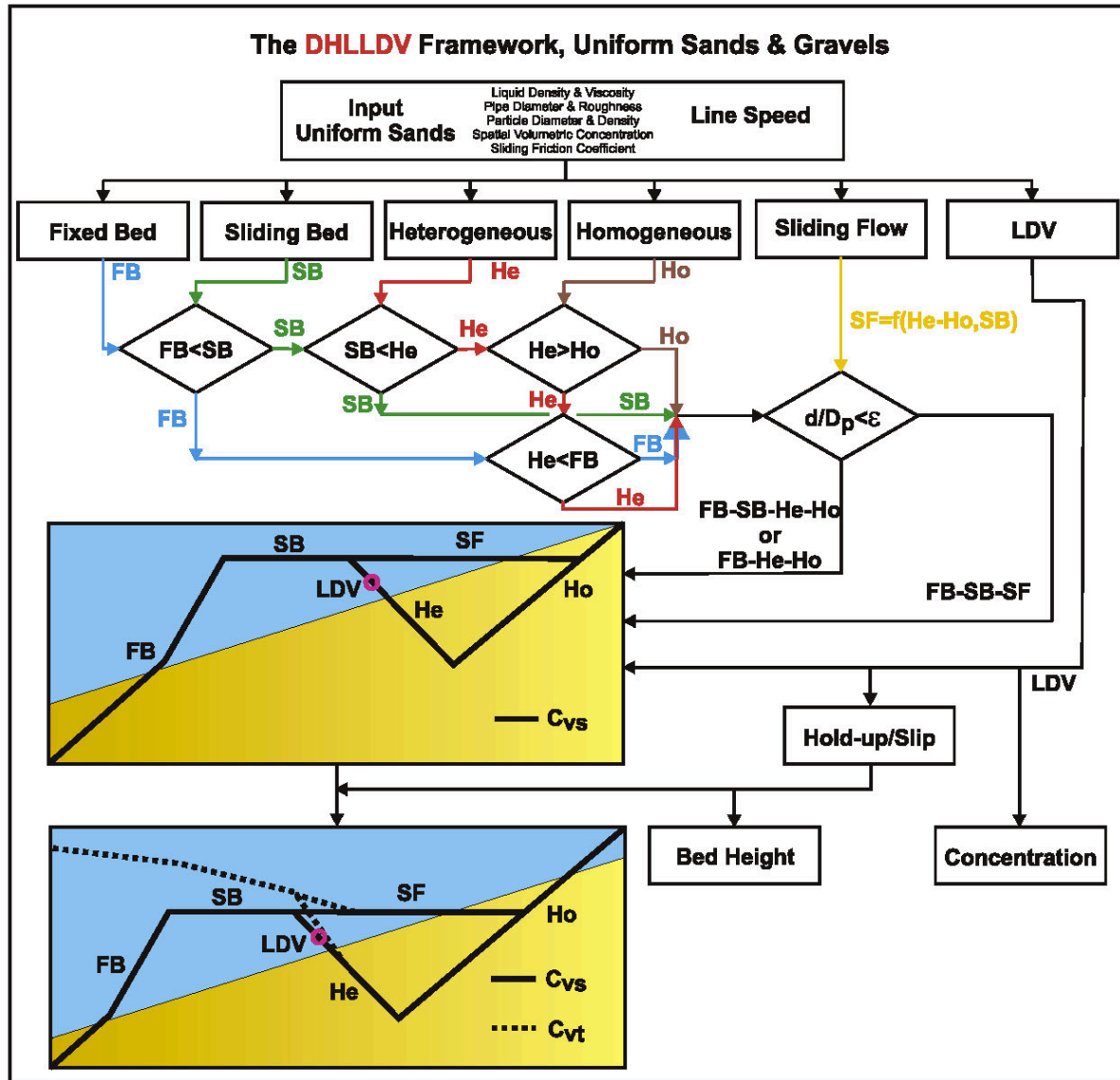
Heterogeneous:

$$E_{rhg} = \frac{i_m - i_l}{R_{sd} \cdot C_{vs}} = S_{hr} + S_{rs}$$

$$= \frac{v^t \cdot \left(1 - \frac{C_{vs}}{\kappa_C}\right)^\beta}{v_{ls}} + 8.5^2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\lambda_l}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{v_t}{\sqrt{g \cdot d}}\right)^{10/3} \cdot \left(\frac{(v_l \cdot g)^{1/3}}{v_{ls}}\right)^2$$

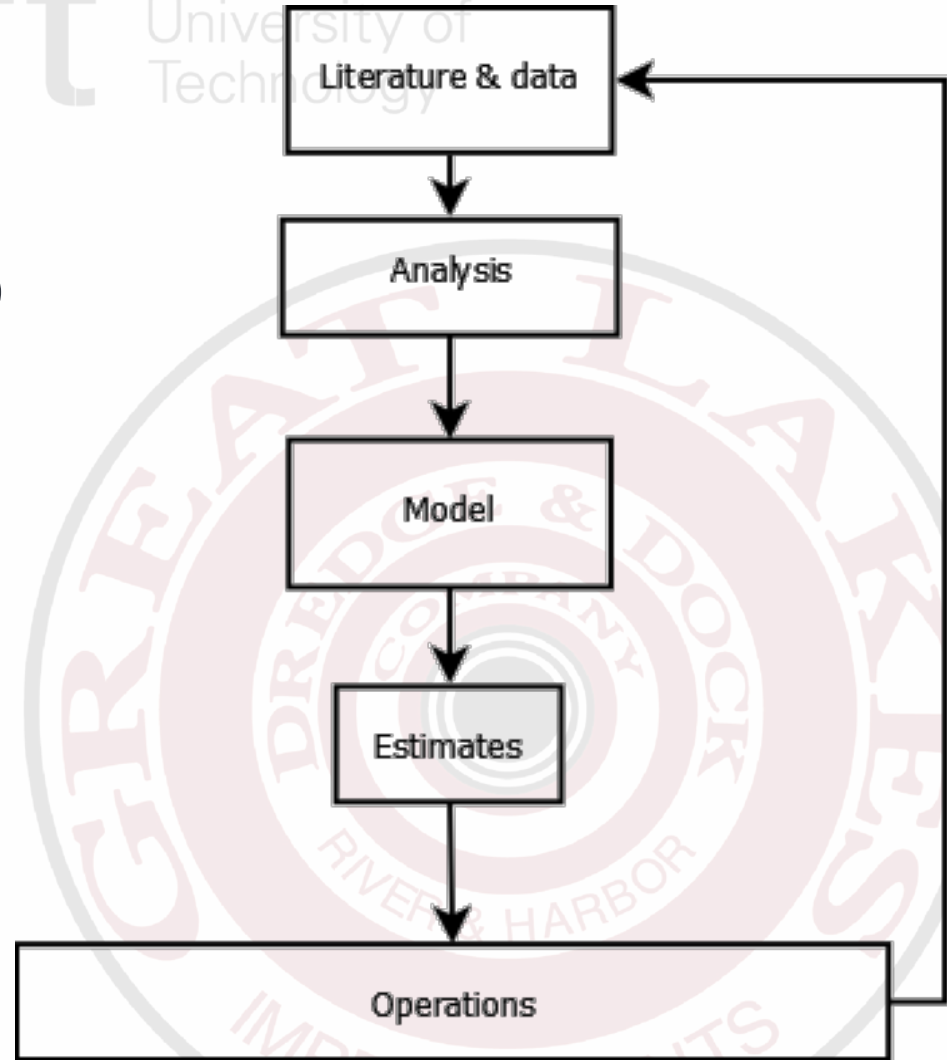


# The Framework – Procedure



# Why we need models

- Models apply scientific theory to real-life circumstances
  - Reasonable input and assumptions
  - Useful outputs





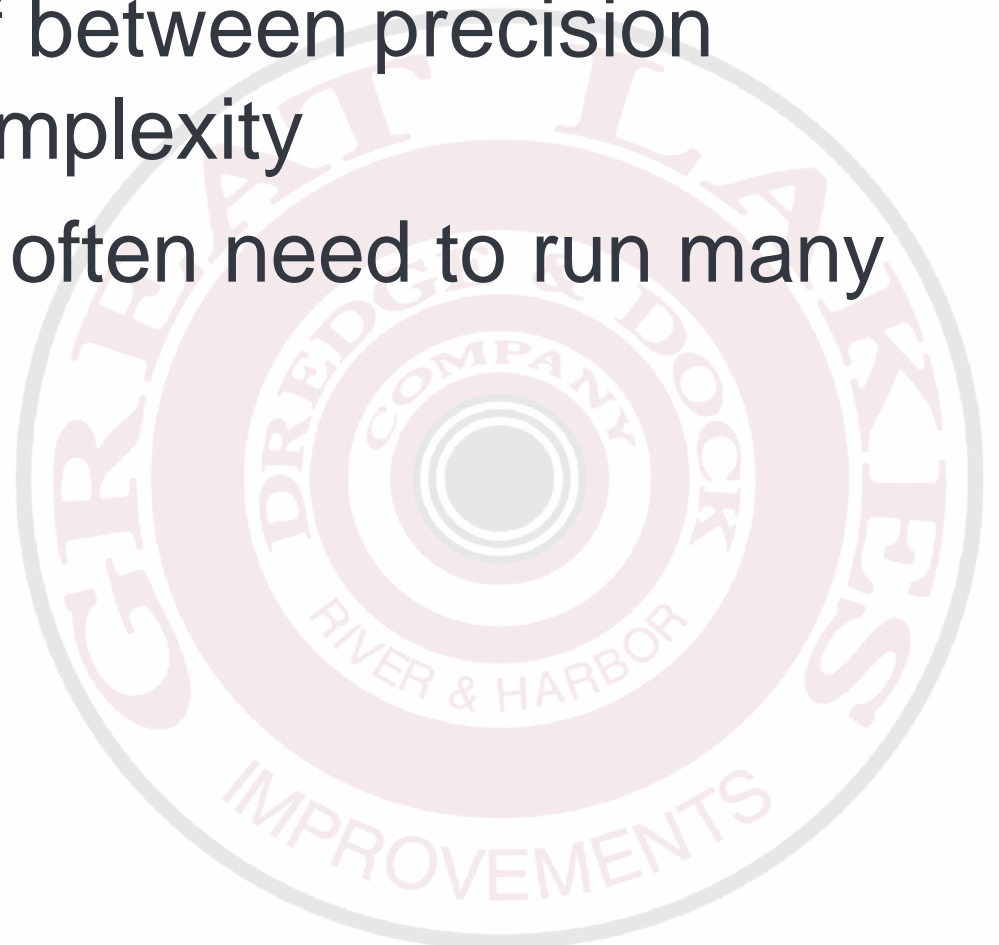


# Implementing the model

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- Useful to engineers
- There is a tradeoff between precision (accuracy) and complexity
- In engineering we often need to run many scenarios quickly





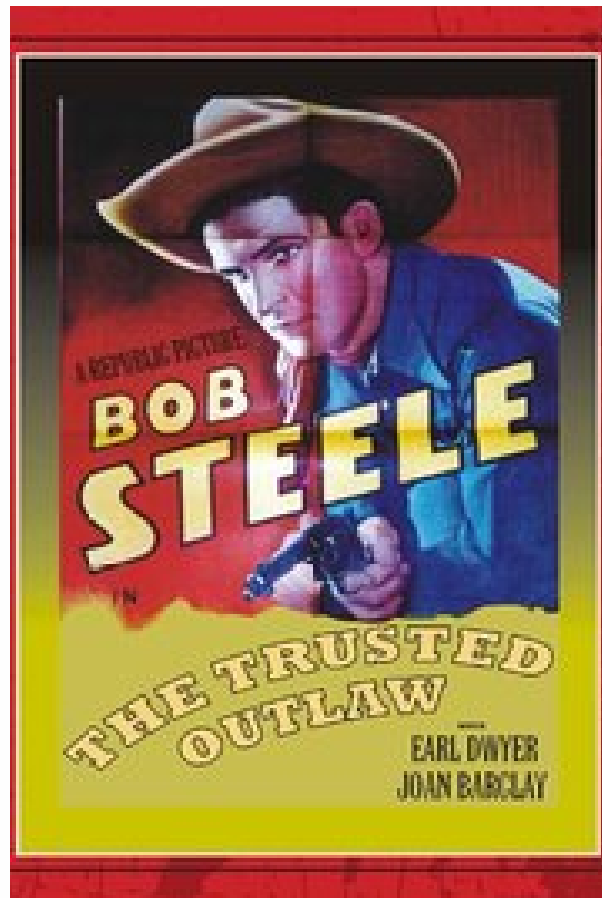
# Implementing the model

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The implementation in software must be:

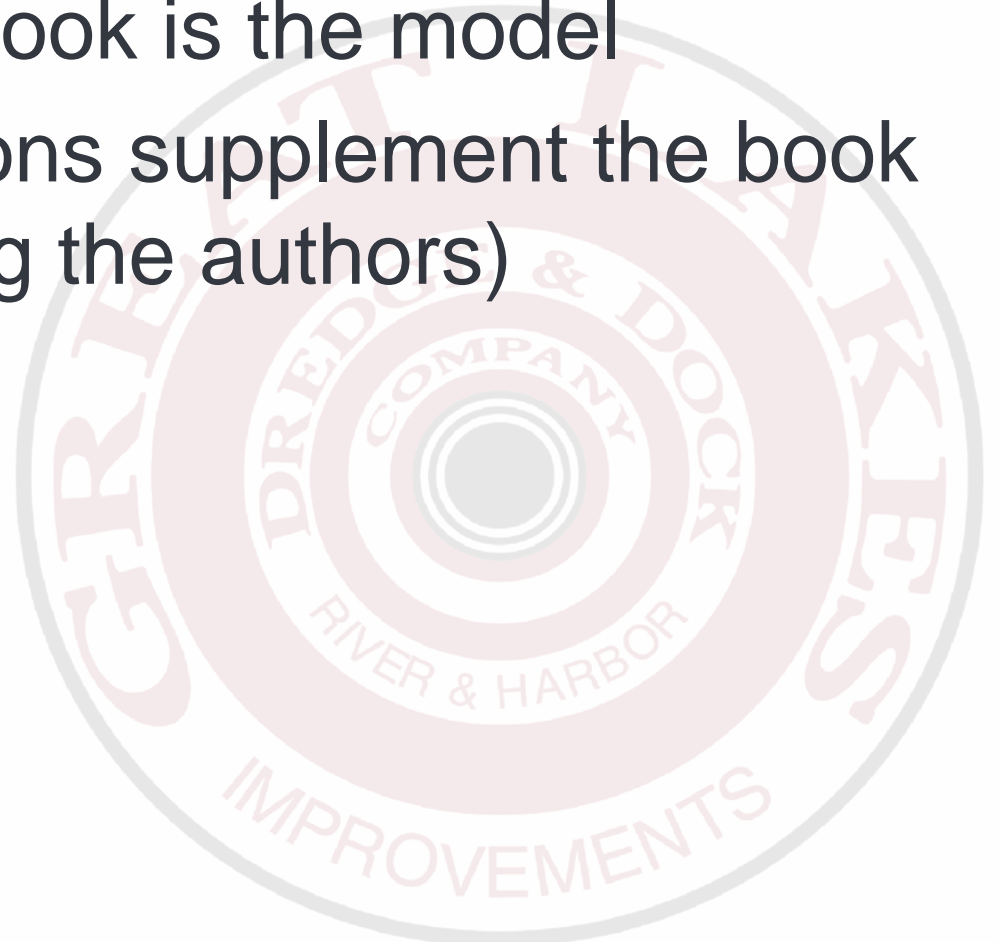
- Accessible
- Correct
- Trusted





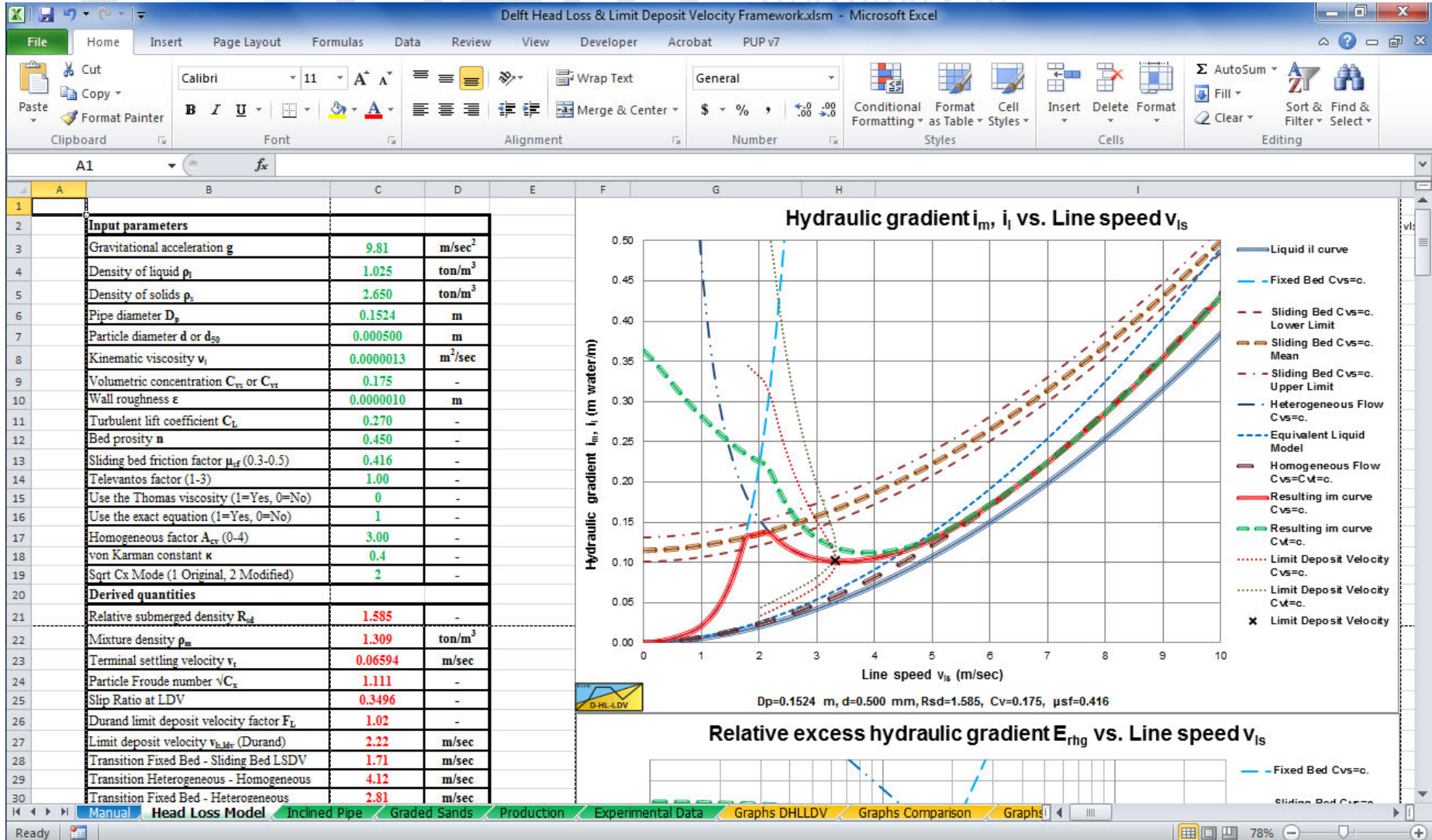
# 2 implementations of the DHLLDV model

- The book and papers are the theory, the procedure in the book is the model
- The implementations supplement the book for users (including the authors)

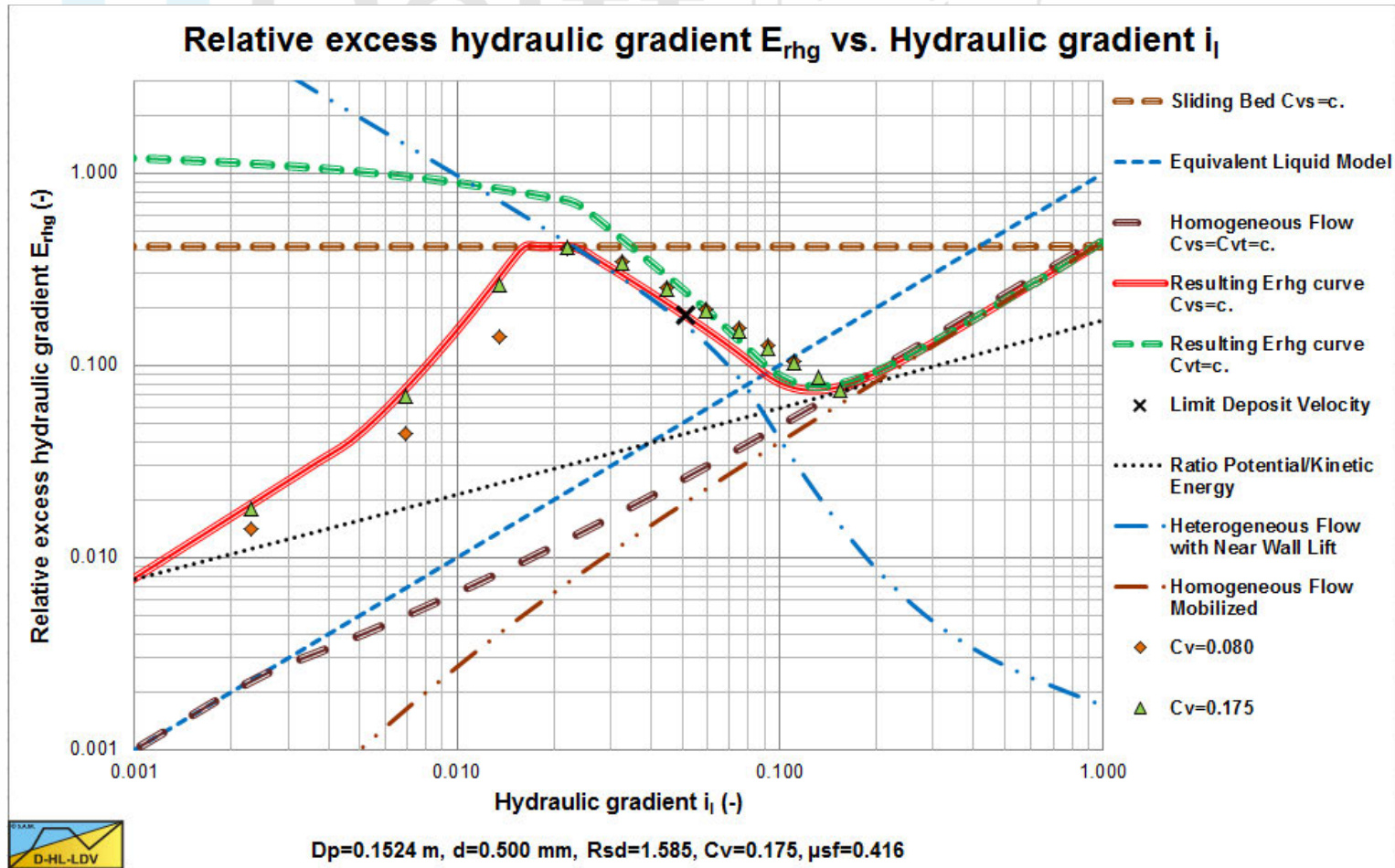




# Excel Spreadsheet



# Excel Spreadsheet



# Python Code

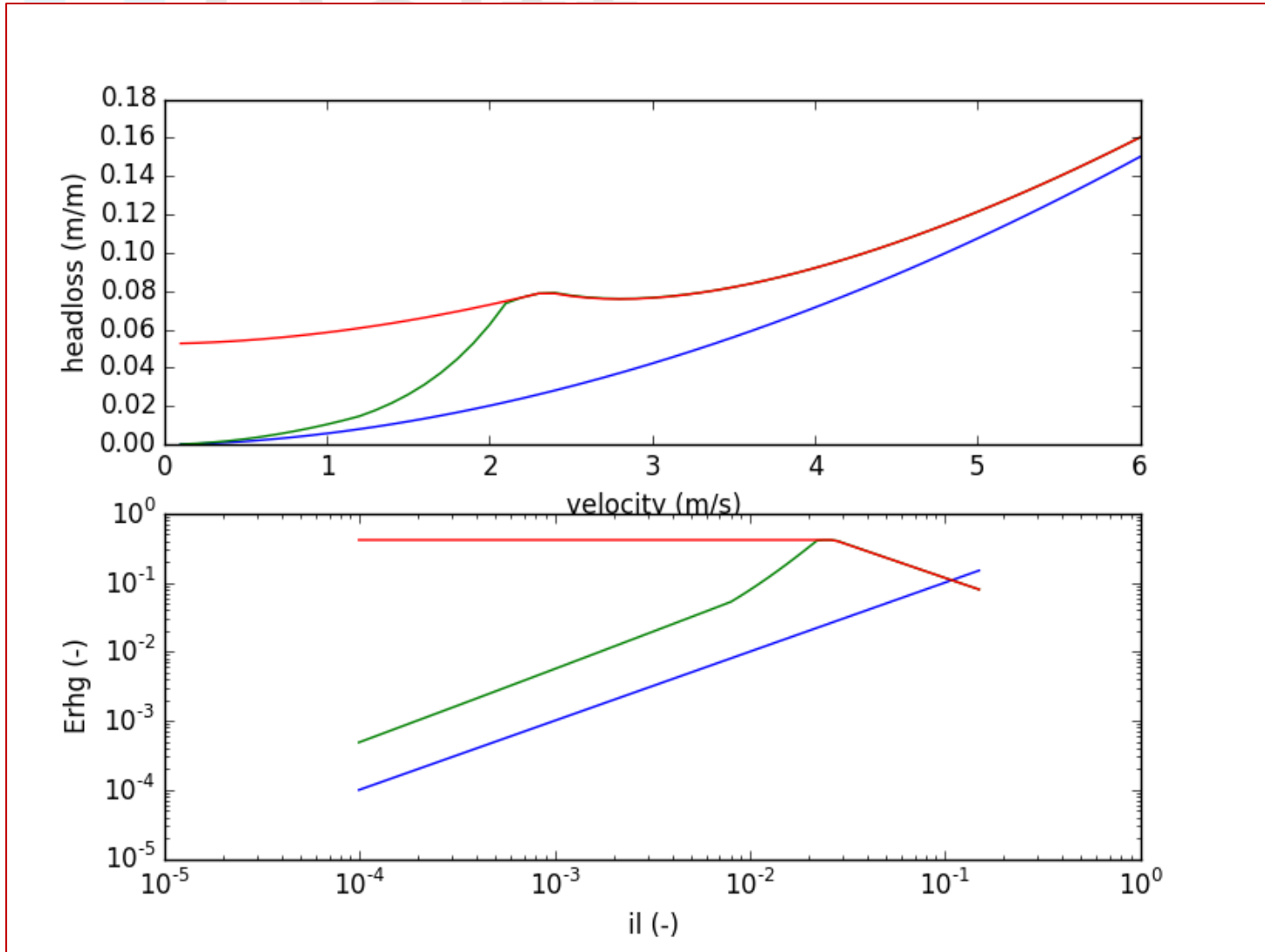
Delft

homogeneous

```
1 '''
2 homogeneous.py - calculations of newtonian (fluid), homogeneous and pseudo-homogeneous
3 flow.
4 Created on Oct 7, 2014
5
6 @author: RCRamsdell
7 '''
8
9 from math import log, exp
10 from DHLLDV_constants import gravity
11
12 Acv = 3. #coefficient homogeneous regime, advised in section 8.7.
13 kvK = 0.4 #von Karman constant
14
15 def pipe_reynolds_number(vls, Dp, nu):
16     """
17     Return the reynolds number for the given velocity, fluid & pipe
18     vls: velocity in m/sec
19     Dp: pipe diameter in m
20     nu: fluid kinematic viscosity in m2/sec
21     """
22     return vls*Dp/nu
23
24 def swamee_jain_ff(Re, Dp, epsilon):
25     """
26     Return the friction factor using the Swaamee-Jain equation.
27     Re: Reynolds number
```

# Python Code

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# Why would you use my code?

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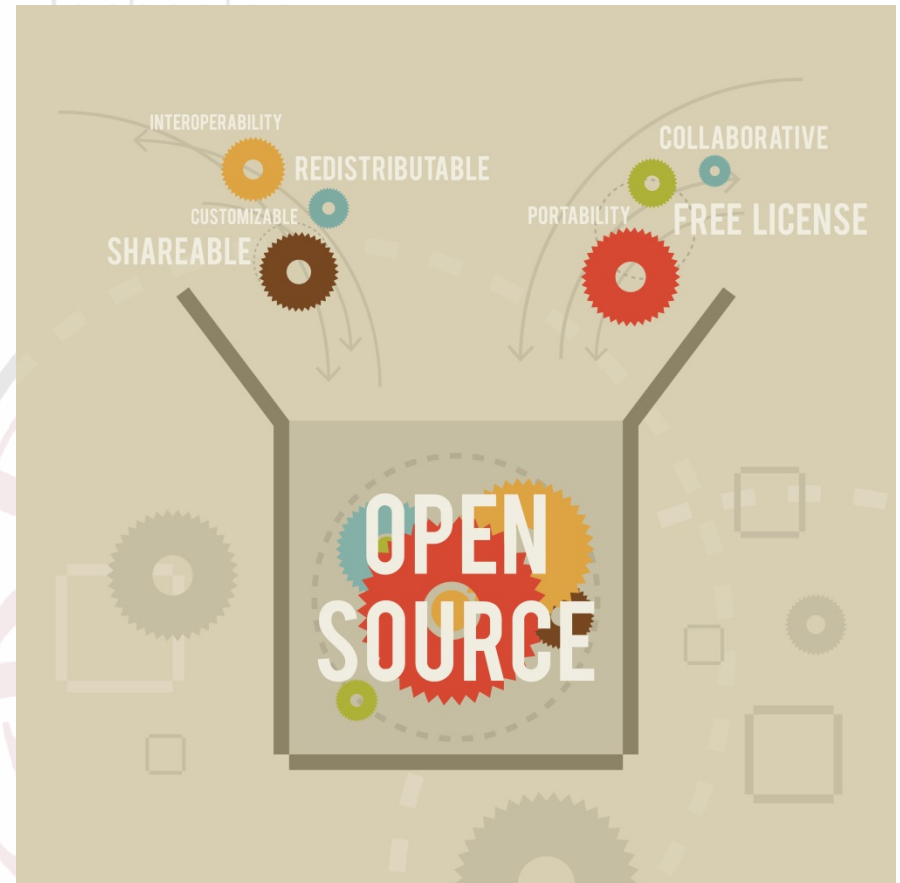
- It must be accessible
  - Ease of access
  - Unencumbered
- It must be reliable
  - Correct
  - Secure
  - Verifiable
  - The code must go on!





# Accessible – Open Source

- Free redistribution
- Source Code
- Derived works
- Non-discrimination
- Distribution of rights



IMPROVEMENTS

# Accessible – Python

- “Executable pseudocode”
- Simple, clear syntax, little boilerplate
- Quick write-run-rewrite cycle
- Lots of third-party tools to aid development



python  
powered

```
print("Hello, world!")
```

# Example: Homogeneous Flow

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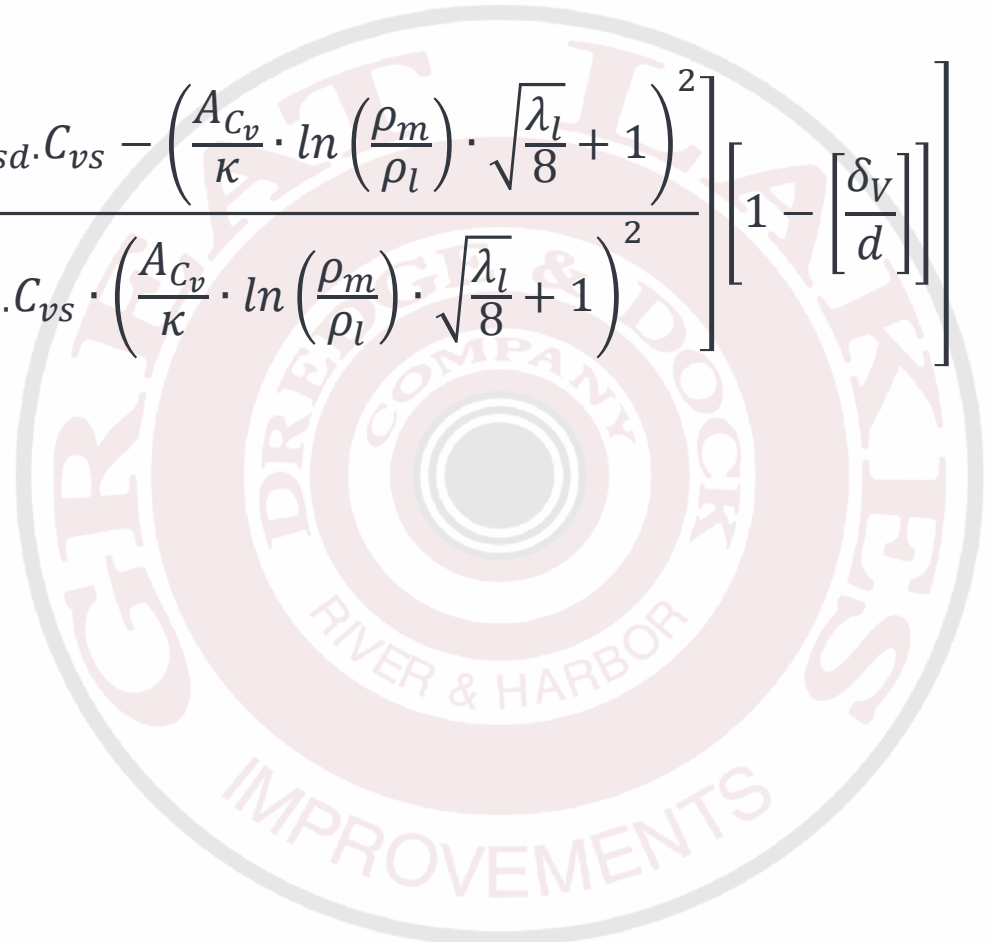
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$$E_{rhg} = \frac{i_m - i_l}{R_{sd} \cdot C_{vs}}$$

$$E_{rhg} = \frac{i_m - i_l}{R_{sd} \cdot C_{vs}} = i_l \cdot \left[ 1 - \left[ 1 - \frac{1 + R_{sd} \cdot C_{vs} - \left( \frac{A_{Cv}}{\kappa} \cdot \ln \left( \frac{\rho_m}{\rho_l} \right) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_l}{8}} + 1 \right)^2}{R_{sd} \cdot C_{vs} \cdot \left( \frac{A_{Cv}}{\kappa} \cdot \ln \left( \frac{\rho_m}{\rho_l} \right) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_l}{8}} + 1 \right)^2} \right] \left[ 1 - \left[ \frac{\delta_V}{d} \right] \right] \right]$$

Where:

$$\frac{\delta_V}{d} = \frac{11.6 \cdot v_l}{\sqrt{\frac{\lambda_l}{8}} \cdot v_{ls} \cdot d}$$



# Example: Homogeneous Flow

```
74 def Erhg(vls, Dp, d, epsilon, nu, rho1, rho_s, Cvs):
75     """Return the Erhg value for homogeneous flow.
76     Use the Talmon (2013) correction for slurry density.
77     vls: line speed in m/sec
78     Dp: Pipe diameter in m
79     d: Particle diameter in m (not used, here for consistency)
80     epsilon: pipe absolute roughness in m
81     nu: fluid kinematic viscosity in m2/sec
82     rho1: fluid density in ton/m3
83     Cvs - spatial (insitu) volume concentration of solids
84     """
85     Re = pipe_reynolds_number(vls, Dp, nu)
86     lambda1 = swamee_jain_ff(Re, Dp, epsilon)
87     Rsd = (rho_s - rho1) / rho1
88     rho_m = rho1 + Cvs * (rho_s - rho1)
89     deltav_to_d = min((11.6 * nu) / ((lambda1 / 8) ** 0.5 * vls * d), 1)
#eqn 8.7-7
90
91     sb = ((Acv / kvK) * log(rho_m / rho1) * (lambda1 / 8) ** 0.5 + 1) ** 2
92     top = 1 + Rsd * Cvs - sb
93     bottom = Rsd * Cvs * sb
94     il = fluid_head_loss(vls, Dp, epsilon, nu, rho1)
95     return il * (1 - (1 - top / bottom) * (1 - deltav_to_d)) #eqn 8.7-8
```

# Accessible – Git Source control

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- Online hosting:

<https://github.com/rcriii42/DHLLDV>

```
c:\Data\workspace>git clone
https://github.com/rcriii42/DHLLDV
Cloning into 'DHLLDV'...
remote: Counting objects: 173, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Receiving objects: 85% (148/173) (delta 0), pack-
reused 170
Receiving objects: 100% (173/173), 177.36 KiB | 0
bytes/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (98/98), done.
Checking connectivity... done.
c:\Data\workspace>
```

# Git – Status

```
c:\Data\workspace\DHLLDV>git status
On branch master
Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/master'.
nothing to commit, working directory clean
```

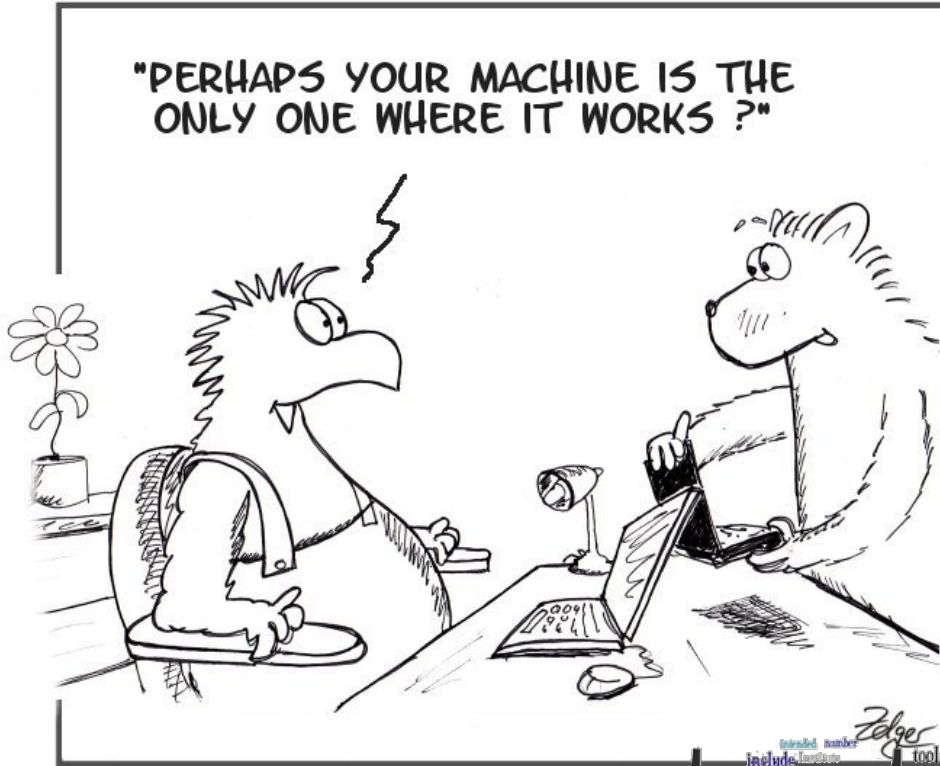
```
c:\Data\workspace\DHLLDV>
```

```
c:\Data\workspace\DHLLDV_dev>git log --
pretty=format:"%h - %an, %ar : %s"
86c2eb2 - Robert Ramsdell, 14 minutes ago : More
cleanup of homogeneous.py
ab1721b - Robert Ramsdell, 9 hours ago : Fixed comments
and added eqn # to homogeneous.py
70fb6b8 - Robert Ramsdell, 3 weeks ago : Added
Cvs_Erhg_graded, runs with tests that don't pass
...
```

# Git - Updating

```
c:\Data\workspace\DHLLDV_dev>git pull
remote: Counting objects: 3, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
remote: Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused
0
Unpacking objects: 100% (3/3), done.
From https://github.com/rcriii42/DHLLDV
ab1721b..86c2eb2 master -> origin/master
Updating ab1721b..86c2eb2
Fast-forward
 homogeneous.py | 18 ++++++-----
1 file changed, 9 insertions(+), 9 deletions(-)
c:\Data\workspace\DHLLDV_dev>
```

# Reliability



It works on my machine

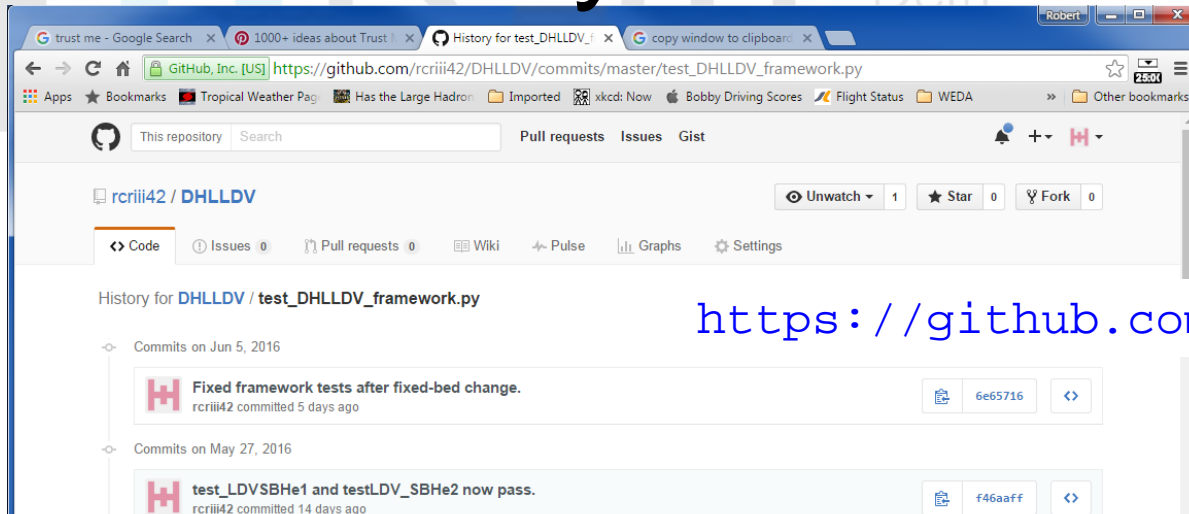


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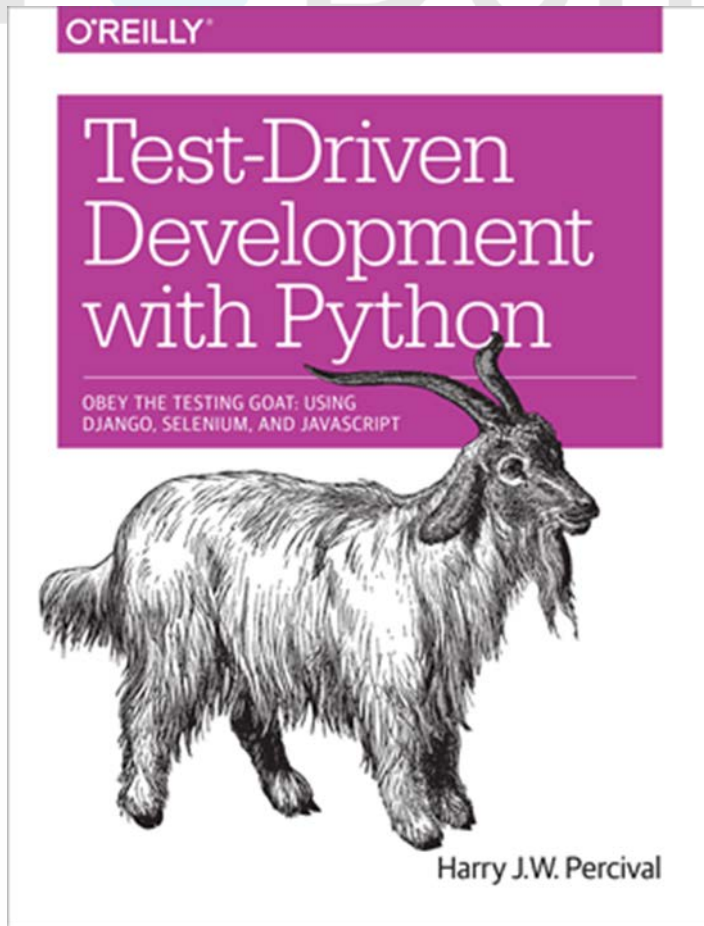
# Reliability - Source Control



<https://github.com/rcrIII42/DHLLDV>

```
c:\Data\workspace\DHLLDV_dev>git log --
pretty=format:"%h - %an, %ar : %s"
86c2eb2 - Robert Ramsdell, 14 minutes ago : More
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Cvs_Erhg_graded, runs with tests that don't pass
...
```

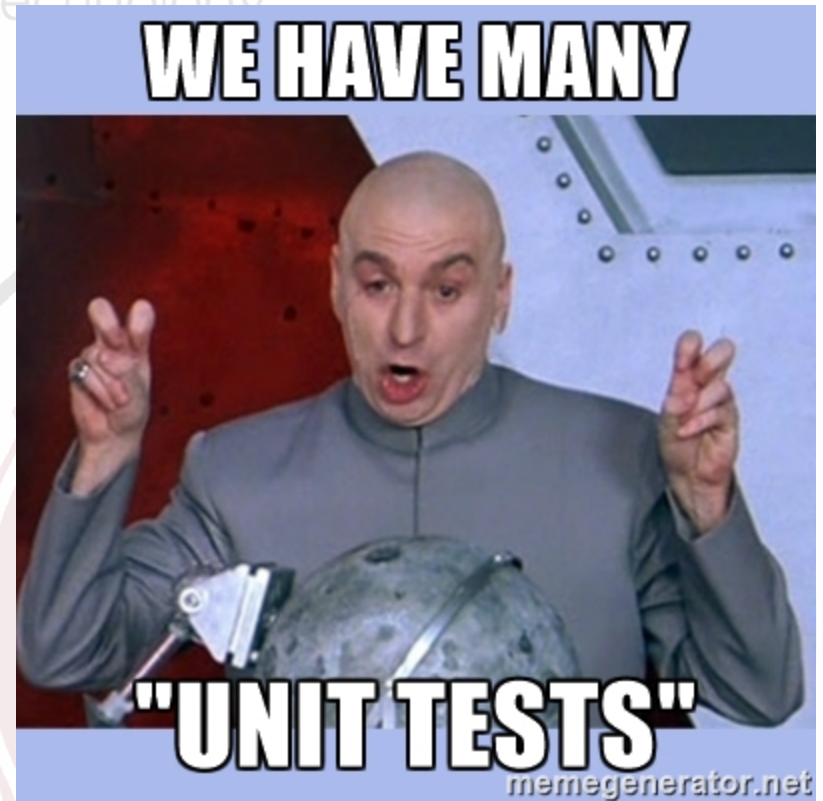
# Reliability - Testing



Test Driven Development:  
A software **development** process that relies on the repetition of a very short **development** cycle: requirements are turned into very specific **test** cases, then the software is improved to pass the new **tests**, only.

# Unit Tests

- Isolate each part of the program and show that individual parts are correct
- Write tests before underlying code
- Tests pass before moving on.



# Example: Homogeneous Flow

```
1 '''
2 Created on Oct 7, 2014
3
4 @author: RCRamsdell
5
6 Testing the homogeneous module and water constants
7 '''
8 import unittest
9 import homogeneous
10 import DHLLDV_constants
11
12
13 ...
37 def test_Erhg(self):
38     vls = 3.0
39     Dp = 0.5
40     d = 0.075/1000
41     epsilon = DHLLDV_constants.steel_roughness
42     rho1 = DHLLDV_constants.water_density[20]
43     nu = DHLLDV_constants.water_viscosity[20]
44     rho_s = 2.65
45     Cvs = 0.25
46     self.assertAlmostEqual(homogeneous.Erhg(vls, Dp, d, epsilon, nu, rho1,
47                                             rho_s, Cvs), 0.0118762)
```

# Running Tests

```
c:\Data\workspace\DHLLDV_dev>test_homogeneous.py
```

```
.....
```

```
-----  
Ran 7 tests in 0.012s
```

```
OK
```

```
c:\Data\workspace\DHLLDV_dev>nosetests
```

```
FF.....
```

```
=====  
FAIL: testCvs_Erhg_graded_result (test_DHLLDV_framework.Test)
```

```
-----  
Traceback (most recent call last):
```

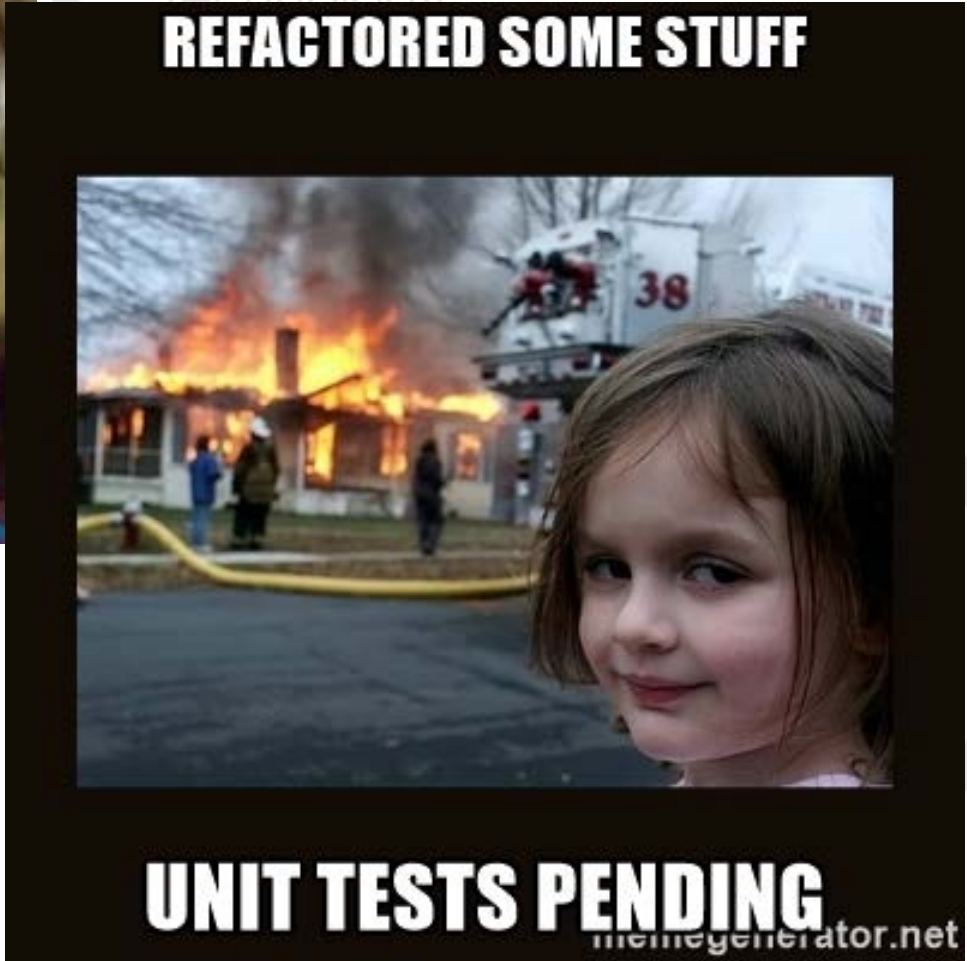
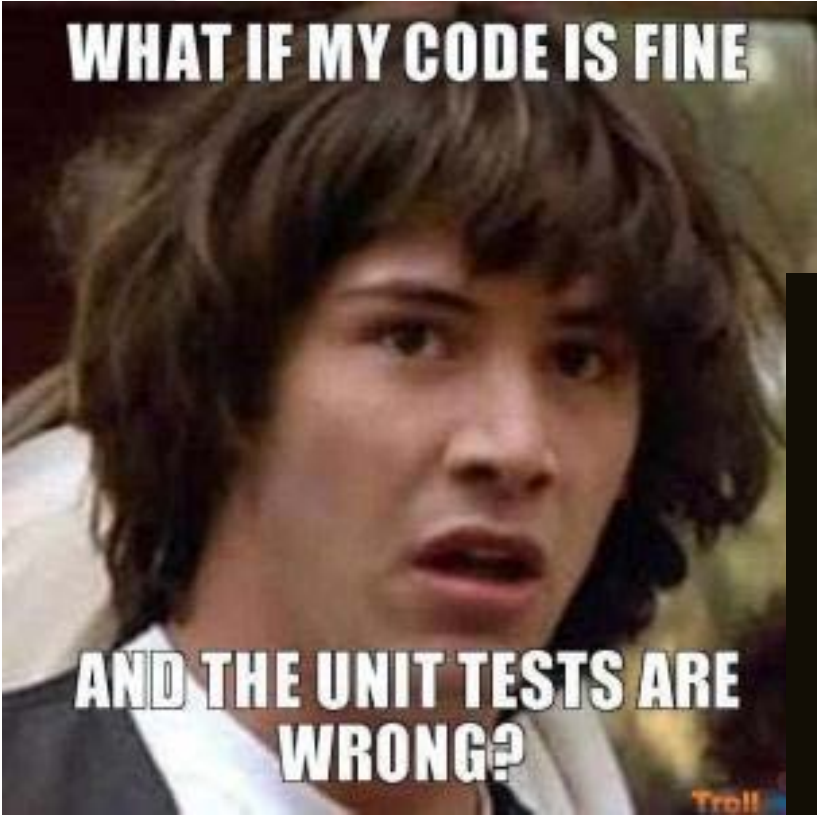
```
  File "c:\Data\workspace\DHLLDV_dev\test_DHLLDV_framework.py", line 264, in  
testCvs_Erhg_graded_result
```

```
    self.assertAlmostEqual(Erhg, 0.0528735)
```

```
AssertionError: 0.002939348191883322 != 0.0528735 within 7 places
```

```
-----  
Ran 45 tests in 0.293s
```

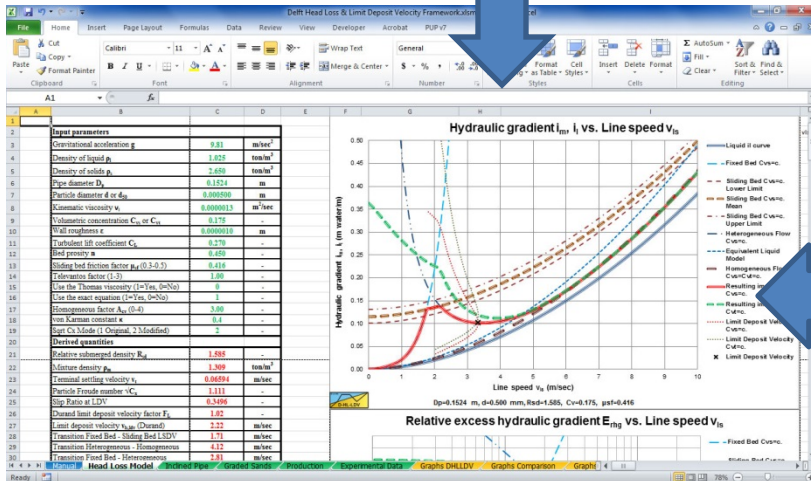
```
FAILED (failures=2)
```



# What are we testing?

$$E_{rhg} = \frac{i_m - i_l}{R_{sd} \cdot C_{vs}} =$$

$$i_l \cdot \left[ 1 - \frac{1 + R_{sd} \cdot C_{vs} - \left( \frac{A_{Cv}}{\kappa} \cdot \ln \left( \frac{\rho_m}{\rho_l} \right) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_l}{8} + 1} \right)^2}{R_{sd} \cdot C_{vs} \cdot \left( \frac{A_{Cv}}{\kappa} \cdot \ln \left( \frac{\rho_m}{\rho_l} \right) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_l}{8} + 1} \right)^2} \right] \left[ 1 - \left[ \frac{\delta_V}{d} \right] \right]$$



```

74 def Erhg(vls, Dp, d, epsilon, nu, rho_l, rho_s, Cvs):
75     """Return the Excess value for homogeneous flow.
76     Use the Talmon (2003) correction for slurry density.
77     vls: line speed in m/sec
78     Dp: Pipe diameter in m
79     d: Particle diameter in m (not used, here for consistency)
80     epsilon: pipe absolute roughness in m
81     nu: fluid kinematic viscosity in m2/sec
82     rho_l: fluid density in ton/m3
83     Cvs - spatial (insitu) volume concentration of solids
84     """
85     Re = pipe_reynolds_number(vls, Dp, nu)
86     lambda1 = swamee_jain_ff(Re, Dp, epsilon)
87     Rsd = (rho_s-rho_l)/rho_l
88     rho_m = rho_l+Cvs*(rho_s-rho_l)
89     deltav_to_d = min((11.6*nu)/((lambda1/8)**0.5*vls*d), 1)
90     #eqn 8.7-7
91     sb = ((Acv/kvK)*log(rho_m/rho_l)*(lambda1/8)**0.5+1)**2
92     top = 1+Rsd*Cvs - sb
93     bottom = Rsd*Cvs*sb
94     il = fluid_head_loss(vls, Dp, epsilon, nu, rho_l)
95     return il*(1-(1-top/bottom)*(1-deltav_to_d)) #eqn 8.7-8
    
```



# Code Coverage

- How to know testing is comprehensive!





# Code Coverage

```
c:\Data\workspace\DHLLDV_dev>nosetests --with-coverage
```

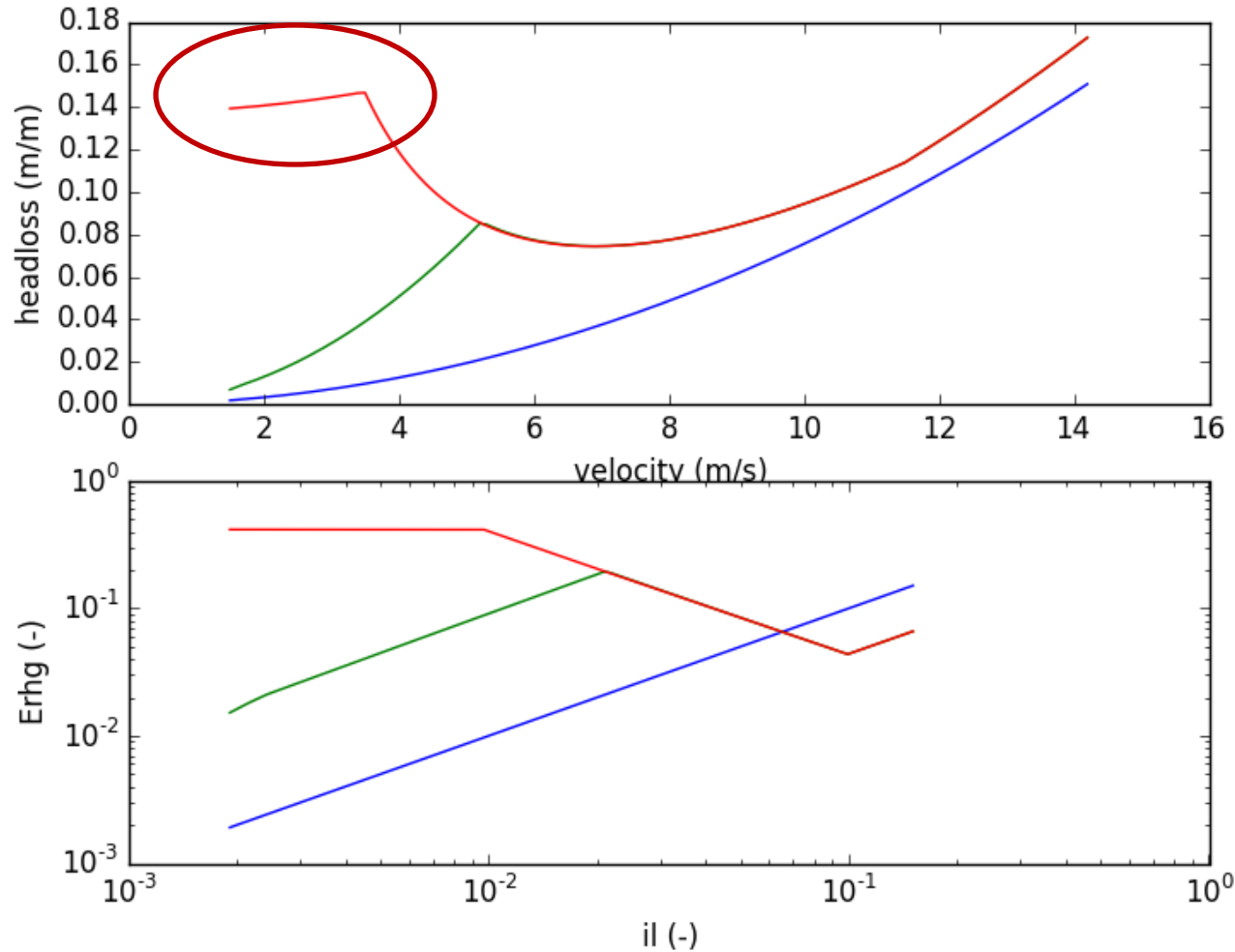
```
. . .
```

Name	Stmts	Miss	Cover	Missing
DHLLDV_Utils.py	23	0	100%	
DHLLDV_constants.py	7	0	100%	
DHLLDV_framework.py	198	15	92%	40, 131, 237-248, 262-263, 282, 369
heterogeneous.py	41	1	98%	96
homogeneous.py	39	4	90%	48-50, 72
stratified.py	68	1	99%	188
TOTAL	376	21	94%	

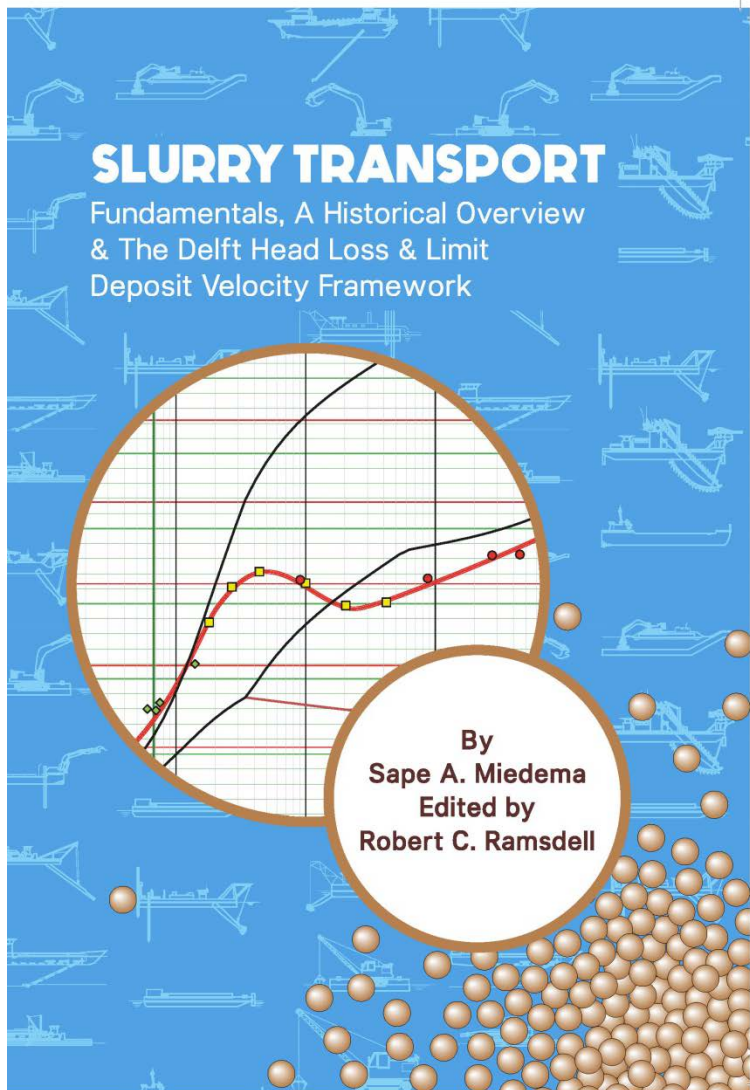
```
Ran 45 tests in 0.413s
```

```
FAILED (failures=2)
```

# State of the Software



# Conclusions



- Read the book
- Download the software:  
<https://github.com/rcriii42/DHLLDV>
- Run the tests: `nosetests`