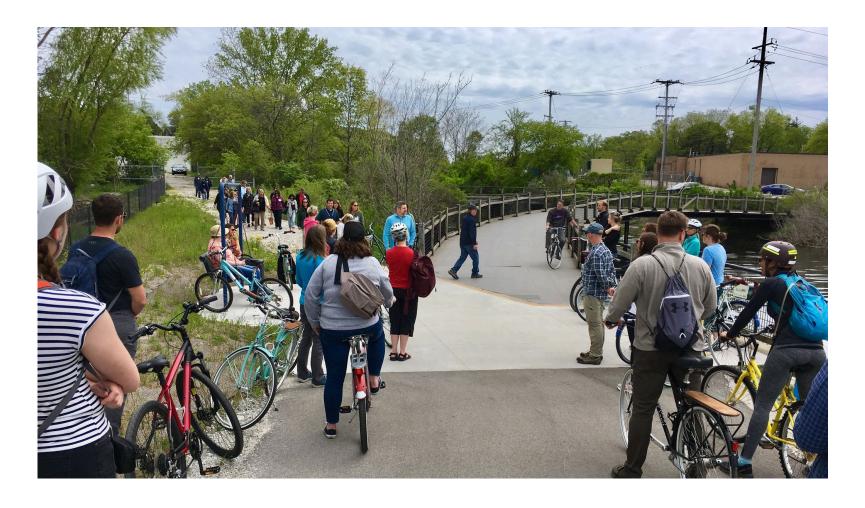


Agenda



- Muskegon Lake AOC
- Stakeholder Engagement
- Former Amoco Tank Farm
- Key Nature-based Design Concepts
- Community and Socioeconomic Benefits
- Conclusions

Muskegon Lake

- 4,149-acre drowned river mouth
- Two municipalities, cities of Muskegon and North Muskegon
- Parks including Muskegon State Park
- Sport fishing, sailing, boating, camping, festivals

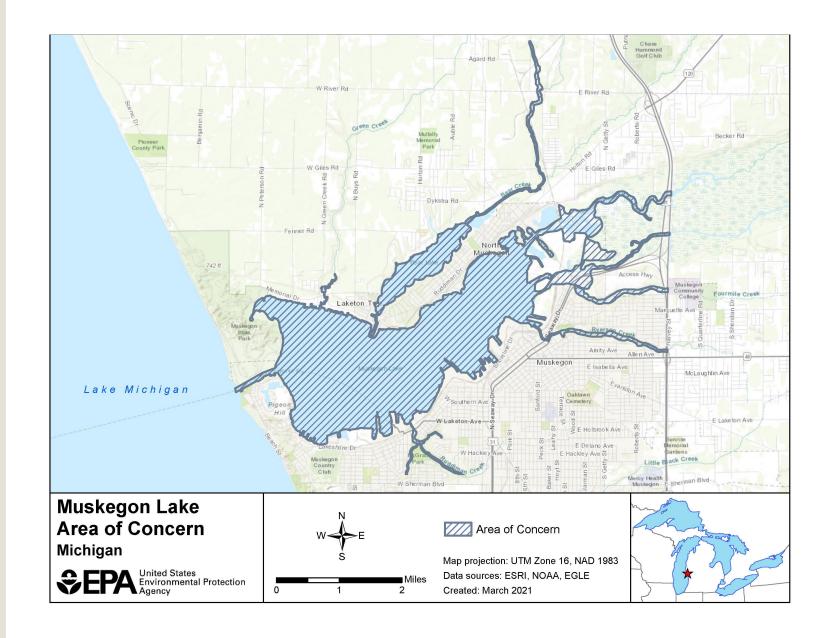


Image from Wikimedia Commons



Muskegon Lake AOC

- One of 14 Michigan-based AOCs
- Designated AOC in 1987
 - Historic pollutant discharge
 - Shoreline hardening
 - Localized groundwater contamination
 - Sawmill and foundry fill



Historic fill practices





Muskegon Lake AOC sawmill and industry fill areas



- Grand Valley State UniversityAWRI
 - ~800 acres, or 27%, of open water filled
 - ~74% of Muskegon Lake shoreline hardened
- BUIs
 - Loss of fish and wildlife habitat
 - Degradation of fish and wildlife populations



Photo: Muskegon Lake Watershed Partnership



Partners and Stakeholders

- Muskegon Lake Watershed Partnership
- West Michigan Shoreline Regional Development Commission
- Grand Valley State University
- US Environmental Protection Agency / Great Lakes National Program Office
- Great Lakes Commission
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
- Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy
- Michigan Department of Natural Resources
- Municipalities

Former Amoco Tank Farm

- Identified as candidate parcel for fish and wildlife habitat restoration in 2008
- 23-acre parcel owned by the City of Muskegon
- Former petroleum storage and transfer facility
- Final above ground storage tank razed in 1992
- Remediation commenced
- 5-foot-high, 2,300-foot-long concrete perimeter wall
- Wall left in place, fragmenting and isolating site wetlands from lake



Amoco Fish and Wildlife Habitat Restoration Project

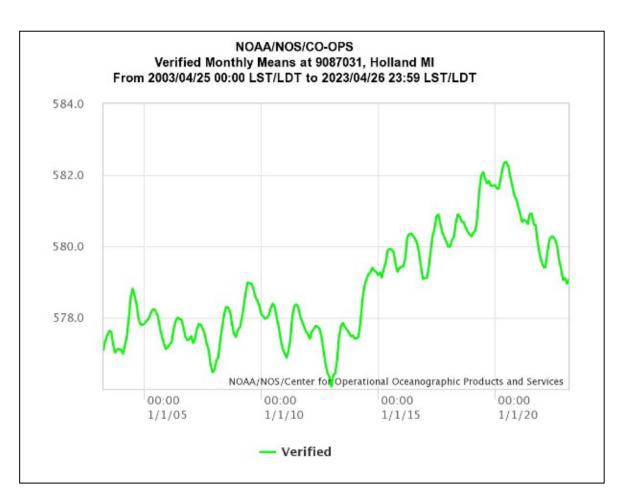
- West Michigan Shoreline Regional Development Commission (WMSRSC) administered project
- WMSRDC selected Ramboll for engineering design and construction management
- NOAA and GLC provided funding via a regional partnership
- Funds were GLRI and USEPA

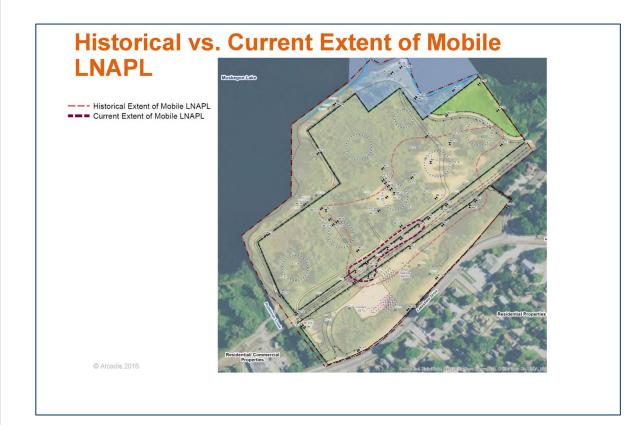






Site conditions







Segmented shoal system



- Curvilinear orientation in nearshore
- Function as fish foraging, refuge, and spawning habitat
- Wave attenuation for restored and softened shoreline
- Top of shoals were a half foot below typical high water
- Modeling indicated disruption of encroaching waves under typical levels

Segmented shoal system





- 78 habitat logs
 - Included root wads
 - Hardwood species
- Driven plate and anchor system
- ~1,200 tons of shoal stone
- ~1,100 tons of spawning bed stone mix

Segmented shoal system





Segmented vegetative slope protection

- Wall and path removal connected unimpacted wetlands to lake
- Resiliency during high water; embankment top at 100-year elevation
- Barrier to prevent washing potential future sheen
- Rip rap toe to protect SVSP from wave energy and scour from ice during high water



Segmented vegetative slope protection





- SVSP slope of the embankment was constructed using Envirolok® geobags
- Filled with topsoil and sand
- Bags work in concert with plantings to provide a stabilized slope
 - Over 1,700 2-inch plugs planted
- 5H:1V slope and secured with connector pins

Segmented vegetative slope protection

- Seeded with a mesic to dry forbs mix.
 - Species included common milkweed, partridge pea, blackeyed Susan, yellow coneflower, and several others.
- Plantings included prairie cordgrass, switchgrass, and Indiangrass



Before and after





Community and Socioeconomic Benefits



- Improved fishing and wildlife viewing opportunities
- Enhanced and safer recreation along a now ADA compliant path
- Improved viewshed of a softened shoreline of Muskegon Lake
- Isely et al. 2018 travel cost survey and housing valuation to estimate a return on investment of \$60M million from an initial investment of \$10M 2009 ARRA grant
- Isely et al. 2019 posited that improvements to and softening of the shoreline and increased recreational activity based on perceived lake quality resulted in \$7.4M in increased housing value and an additional \$27.9M in annual recreation value

Conclusions



- Construction completed in 2021
- Nature-based engineering solutions supported restoration of soft shoreline and resilient design
- Strategic approach to the consideration of waves and water levels
- Restored and enhanced 2.74 acres of wet meadow and shallow emergent marsh wetland habitat and 8.4 acres of open water habitat
- Provided physical barrier to prevent potential sheen migration from upland
- Community engagement and benefits
- May 16, 2023, removal of *Loss of Fish and Wildlife Habitat* and *Degradation of Fish and Wildlife Populations* BUIs

Thank you!

- Ramboll
- Job Site Services, Inc
- Great Lakes Dock and Materials, LLC
- Cardno
- West Michigan Shoreline Regional Development Commission
- NOAA/GLC Great Lakes Regional Partnership and the Great Lakes Restoration Initiative (NOAA/US EPA)
- City of Muskegon
- Muskegon Lake Watershed Partnership
- Michigan DNR and EGLE



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