



Sheboygan River Great Lakes Legacy Act Project - Rapid Confirmation Sampling and Re-Dredge Decision Making



*Western Dredging Association (WEDA)
Midwest Chapter Annual Meeting – April 2013*

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Overview

- Project Background
- Confirmation Sampling Goals and Objectives
- Sampling Approach
- Confirmation Sampling Rationale
- Data Collection and Evaluation
- Re-Dredge Design and Implementation
- Lessons Learned

Project Background

■ Project Summary

- Located within the Sheboygan River AOC in Sheboygan, WI
- ~1.2 miles of river spanning 800 acres within a mixed land use
- PCB and PAH contamination
- Dredging occurred from Aug - Nov 2012
- Two Superfund sites located within GLLA project area
 - Completed in 2011 and 2012



Project Background

■ Project Partners

- EPA GLNPO
- WDNR
- City of Sheboygan
- Sheboygan County
- Two Responsible Parties
 - Wisconsin Public Service
 - Pollution Risk Services (PRS)

■ Contractors

- Ryba Terra Joint Venture (RTJV)
 - Mechanical Dredging and Construction
- CH2M HILL
 - Design and Data Management



Project Background

- Remedial Action Summary
 - Total Removal Volume: 146,875 cy
 - Non-TSCA and PAH = 138,282 cy
 - TSCA = 8,593 cy
 - Sand Placement (2013)
 - ~9 acres of 6-inch sand cover



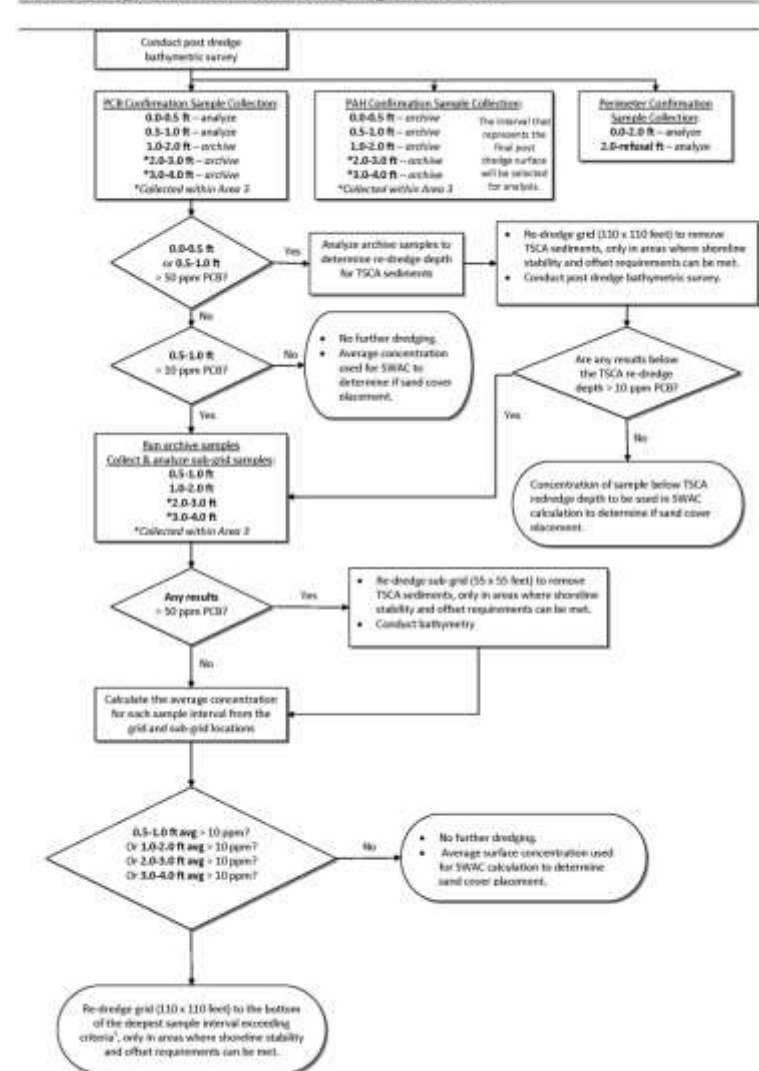
Confirmation Sampling Goals and Objectives

- Rapidly implement sediment confirmation sampling to provide quick-turn analytical results to determine need for further action
- Provide sufficient data to document post dredge PCB and PAH sediment concentrations and perform SWAC calculations
- Execute re-dredge design files accurately and timely to avoid dredge schedule delays
- Complete process with clear communication amongst project stakeholders and accurate documentation of re-dredge decision making

Sampling Approach

- **Post Dredge Bathymetry**
 - Multi-beam, Single-beam, & Poling
 - Daily collection and processing
 - daily dredging activities
 - Precipitation events
 - Air bubble curtain monitoring
 - Verification against design specs
- **Sediment Confirmation Sampling**
- **Re-Dredge Implementation**
 - Pending PCB and PAH analytical results
- **Rolling SWAC Calculation**
 - Residual sand cover placement considerations

Post-Dredge Confirmation Sampling Flow Chart

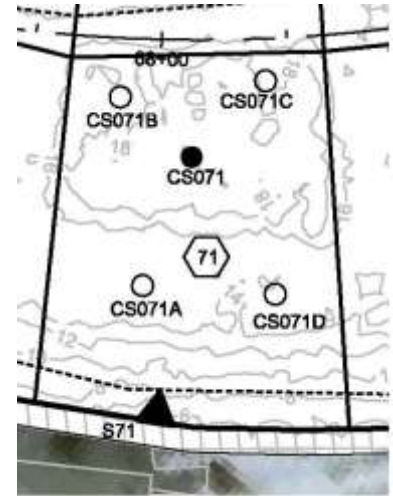


Confirmation Sampling Rationale

- Sediment Coring vs. Surface Sampling
 - Sediment Coring
 - Can provide data for entire un-dredged inventory profile
 - Gives complete picture for re-dredge extent
 - Takes more front end time to collect (8-12 locations p/day)
 - Increases sample and data management needs
 - Surface Sampling
 - Fast collection rate (16-24 locations p/day)
 - May require additional sampling after re-dredge
 - Does not provide lithology information of un-dredged inventory

Confirmation Sampling Rationale

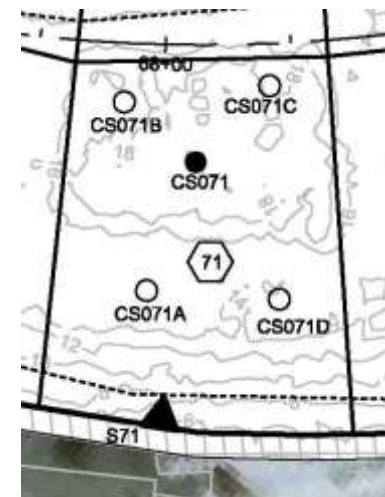
- Dredge Management Units (DMU)
 - Provides spacial management of dredge extents
 - 81 DMU's within project Areas 1 – 3
 - DMU Size Determination
 - Each DMU approximately 110 feet square
 - Investigation dataset sample density considerations
 - Analytical Model considerations
 - Dredge cycle time and scow capacity (~1500 cy p/foot dredged)



Confirmation Sampling Rationale

■ Sample Resolution Considerations

- Sample Depth Selection
 - Determined by the anticipated un-dredged inventory thickness
 - Collected to 2 or 4-feet (DMU dependant)
- Sample Interval Determination
 - Dredge and GPS vertical tolerance limitations
 - Bucket Capacity – water vs. sediment
 - (2) 0.5 ft intervals to 1 ft & 1 ft intervals > 1 ft
- DMU Sample Distribution
 - (1) primary and (4) sub-grid sample locations per DMU
 - Primary location initially collected and surface samples analyzed. Sub-surface samples archived.
 - Sub-grid locations collected and analyzed pending result of primary location



Confirmation Sampling Rationale

- Analyzing vs. Archiving Samples
 - Cost Implications
 - Analytical costs
 - Sample management and reporting time
 - Data Need Prioritization
 - Are all data results critical at that same time?
 - What's the laboratory's capacity?
 - Combined Approach
 - Quick turn analysis of samples critical for triggering re-dredge
 - Archived samples to be used for delineating horizontal and vertical re-dredge extent
 - Normal analytical turn around for samples non-critical for re-dredge

Confirmation Sampling Rationale

■ TSCA Confirmation Sampling

Purpose: Confirm complete removal of TSCA material

- 14 TSCA areas with 43 independent TSCA sample locations
 - 1 location per 6,000 sf, with a minimum of 3 locations per TSCA area
 - Randomly located in grid pattern
 - TSCA boundary determined by analytical model



Confirmation Sampling Rationale

- TSCA Confirmation Sampling (Cont.)
 - Collected in 1-foot increments to 4 feet or refusal.
 - Composite Surface sample (0-1 ft)
 - Collected from each location within respective TSCA area sent for quick-turn analysis
 - Reduced number of samples initially analyzed
 - Grab samples
 - Grab samples of each interval stored onsite pending composite sample results
 - Grab samples used to define vertical and horizontal extent of TSCA material for re-dredge considerations

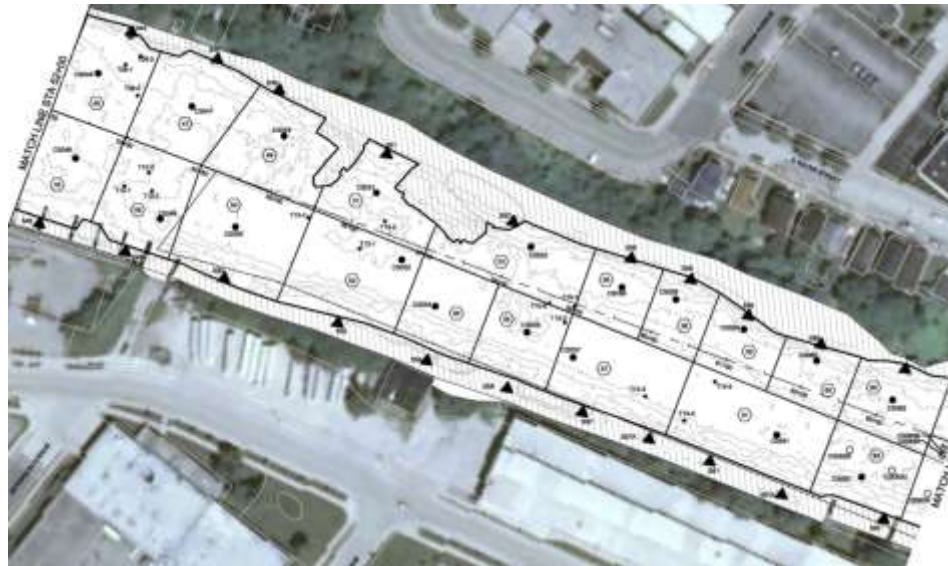


Confirmation Sampling Rationale

■ Shoreline Sample Locations

Purpose: Characterize in-situ concentration of sediments undredged due to offsets from shoreline

- Project liability and property owner considerations
- Utilization of existing data
- Implemented into post remediation SWAC calculations



Data Collection and Evaluation

- Selection of Sampling Technology / Method



Data Collection and Evaluation

■ Critical Data Needs

– Analytical

- Total PCB data
- Total PAH data

– Physical

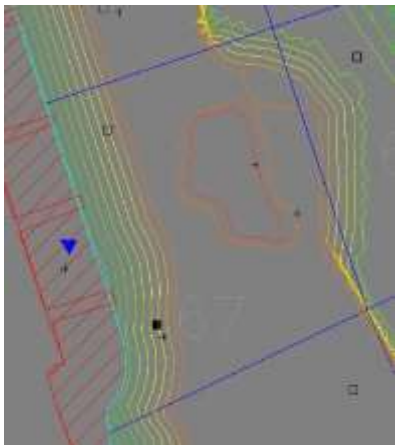
- As sampled XY Coordinates
- Elevation of sediment surface (bathymetric and static survey data)
- Sediment descriptions (texture, odors, sheen, etc.)
- Sediment core penetration and recovery

Location ID	Sample ID	Sample Date	Total PCBs ¹ (mg/kg)	Total of 13 PAHs ² (mg/kg)	Northing (NAD83)	Eastings (NAD83)	Water Elevation (NAVD83)	Tide Elevation (ft from LWD)	Water Depth (ft)	Sediment Surface Elevation (NAVD83)	Core Penetration (ft)	Core Recovery (ft)
C8040	SR-C8040-0.0/0.5	10/25/2012	2.28	2238.1	2571754.641	6460075.006	578.93	-1.07	7.3	569.83	2.5	1.8
C8040	SR-C8040-0.5/1.0	10/25/2012	0.182	1831.1	2571754.641	6460075.006	578.93	-1.07	7.3	569.83	2.5	1.8
C8040	SR-C8040-1.0/1.8	10/25/2012		1821.1	2571754.641	6460075.006	578.93	-1.07	7.3	569.83	2.5	1.8
3 C8040-1	SR-C8040-1-0.0/0.5	12/12/2012	0.512 J	0.045 J	2571750.295	6460095.897	578.2	-1.8	11.0	564.8	3	2.5
C8040-1	SR-C8040-1-0.5/1.0	12/12/2012		942.7 J	2571750.295	6460095.897	578.2	-1.8	11.0	564.8	3	2.5
C8040-1	SR-C8040-1-1.0/2.0	12/12/2012		185.01 J	2571750.295	6460095.897	578.2	-1.8	11.0	564.8	3	2.5
C8040-1	SR-C8040-1-2.0/2.5	12/12/2012		2.9355	2571750.295	6460095.897	578.2	-1.8	11.0	564.8	3	2.5
C8040A	SR-C8040A-0.0/0.5	10/25/2012		209.42	2571788.157	646108.927	577.06	-0.94	9.5	567.56	2.8	2.1
C8040A	SR-C8040A-0.5/1.0	10/25/2012		1631.8	2571788.157	646108.927	577.06	-0.94	9.5	567.56	2.8	2.1
C8040A	SR-C8040A-1.0/1.7	10/25/2012		583.1	2571788.157	646108.927	577.06	-0.94	9.5	567.56	2.8	2.1
C8040A	SR-C8040A-1.7/2.1	10/25/2012		20.529	2571788.157	646108.927	577.06	-0.94	9.5	567.56	2.8	2.1
C8040B	SR-C8040B-0.0/0.5	10/25/2012		11.639	2571806.453	646060.479	578.927	-1.073	8.8	570.127	4.7	3.2
C8040B	SR-C8040B-0.5/1.0	10/25/2012		16.931	2571806.453	646060.479	578.927	-1.073	8.8	570.127	4.7	3.2
C8040B	SR-C8040B-1.0/2.0	10/25/2012		51.318	2571806.453	646060.479	578.927	-1.073	8.8	570.127	4.7	3.2
C8040B	SR-C8040B-2.0/2.2	10/25/2012		891.8	2571806.453	646060.479	578.927	-1.073	8.8	570.127	4.7	3.2
3 C8040C	SR-C8040C-0.0/0.5	10/25/2012		5.641	2571723.067	646042.937	578.87	-1.13	8.8	570.07	2	1.6
C8040C	SR-C8040C-0.5/1.0	10/25/2012		8.791	2571723.067	646042.937	578.87	-1.13	8.8	570.07	2	1.6
C8040C	SR-C8040C-1.0/1.8	10/25/2012		3.544	2571723.067	646042.937	578.87	-1.13	8.8	570.07	2	1.6
3 C8040D	SR-C8040D-0.0/0.5	10/25/2012		7.3577	2571706.397	646085.419	578.93	-1.07	8.1	568.83	1.8	1.8
C8040D	SR-C8040D-0.5/1.0	10/25/2012		20.186	2571706.397	646085.419	578.93	-1.07	8.1	568.83	1.8	1.8
C8040D	SR-C8040D-1.0/1.8	10/25/2012		36.112	2571706.397	646085.419	578.93	-1.07	8.1	568.83	1.8	1.8

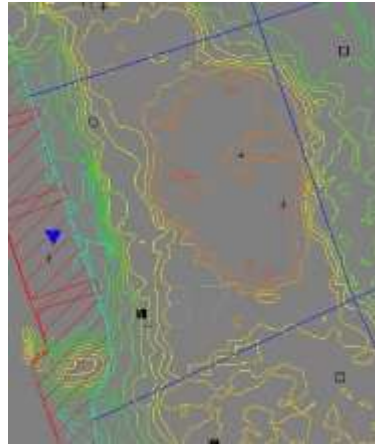
Re-Dredge Design and Implementation

■ Re-Dredge Design

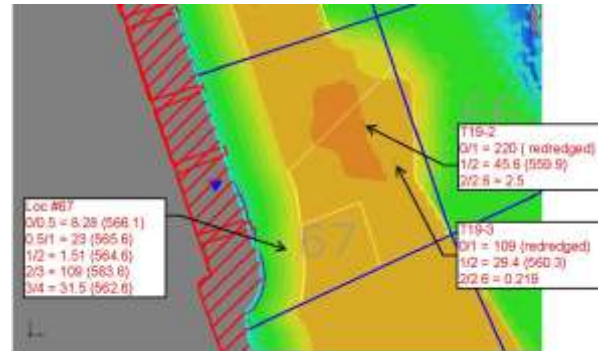
- Collaborative Effort
 - USEPA, WDNR, RTJV, and CH2M HILL
 - Superfund project updates
- Re-dredge boundary and elevation determination
- Re-Dredge Design Exports
 - XYZ data (.txt file)
 - Re-dredge boundary (.dwg file)



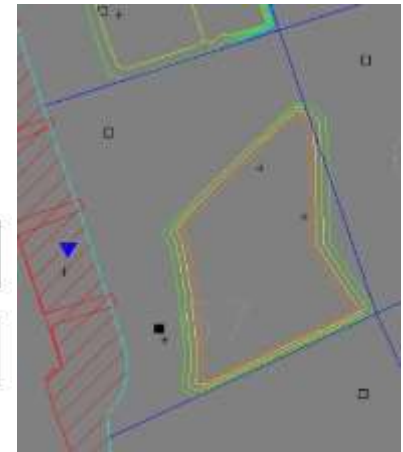
Remedial Design



Post-Dredge Bathymetry



Working Re-Dredge Design



Final Re-Dredge Design

Re-Dredge Design and Implementation

■ Re-Dredge Implementation Summary

- Primary Re-Dredge Areas
 - PCB's - Area 3 (navigation channel)
 - PAH's - Area 2 (Camp Marina)
- Re-Dredge Volume Summary
 - Total Re-Dredge Volume: 9,208 cy (~6% of total dredged)
 - Non-TSCA and PAHs = 7,761 cy
 - TSCA = 1,447 cy



Lessons Learned

- Sampling Technology Evaluation
 - Vibracore vs. manual coring methods
 - Record low water levels
- Ideal vs. Implementable
 - Establish data objectives
 - Discuss implementation with dredge contractor

Questions / Discussion